

Biology

Units of Measurement

In A level Biology you will often come across units for fractions of meters. Remember a nanometer is smaller than a micrometer, a micrometer is smaller than a millimetre and a millimetre is smaller than a centimetre!

- 1) Put these into order, starting with the smallest to the largest. 1mm, 0.5nm, 0.16 μ m, 0.035nm, 1.32nm, 1m, 0.004nm, 1 μ m, 2.47 μ m, 1nm, 0.5 μ m.
- 2) Complete the following:
 - a. There are _____ centimeters in a meter
 - b. There are _____ millimetres in a meter.
 - c. There are _____ micrometers in a meter.
 - d. There are _____ micrometers in a millimetre.
 - e. There are _____ nanometers in a meter.
 - f. There are _____ nanometers in a micrometer.
- 3) To convert meters to cm what sum would you do?
- 4) To convert meters to mm what sum would you do?
- 5) To convert mm to cm what sum would you do?
- 6) To convert mm to μ m what sum would you do?
- 7) To convert mm to nm what sum would you do?
- 8) To convert μ m to mm what sum would you do?
- 9) Convert the following meters into μ m (you **MUST** show your working out):
 - a. 0.00001m
 - b. 0.0023m
 - c. 0.0000023m
- 10) Convert the following meters into nm (you **MUST** show your working out):
 - a. 0.00001m
 - b. 0.00036m
 - c. 0.00103m



Communicable disease

This work must be your own, in language that you understand—text copied off the internet will not be accepted!

Produce a table to compare the following animal and plant diseases:

Plant—Ring rot, Tobacco mosaic, Potato blight, Black sigatoka

Animal—Tuberculosis, Bacterial meningitis, HIV/AIDS, Influenza, Malaria, Ring worm, Athlete's foot

You must include the following information: type of pathogen, plant/animal affected, symptoms, treatment.